

# Meet the Swift Algorithm and Collections Package

- Algorithms

# Algorithms

1. Map
2. CompactMap
3. FlatMap
4. Lazy
5. Windows
6. AdjacentPairs
7. Chunks
8. Chunked

# Map

```
func map<T>(_ transform: (Self.Element) throws -> T) rethrows -> [T]
```

Returns an array containing the results of mapping the given closure over the sequence's elements.

Sequence의 Element를 Closure로 연산한 결과를 배열로 반환

# Map

Sequence

1
2
3
4
5

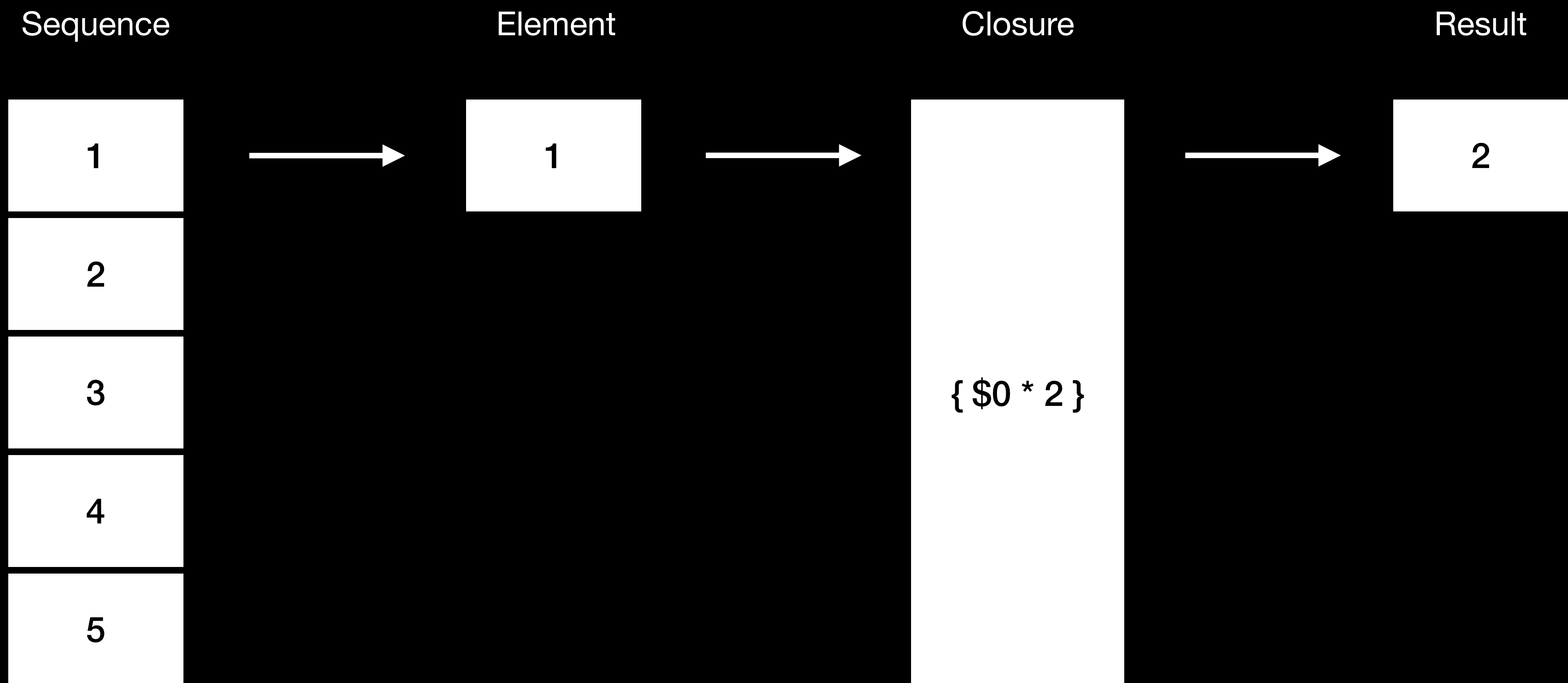
Element

Closure

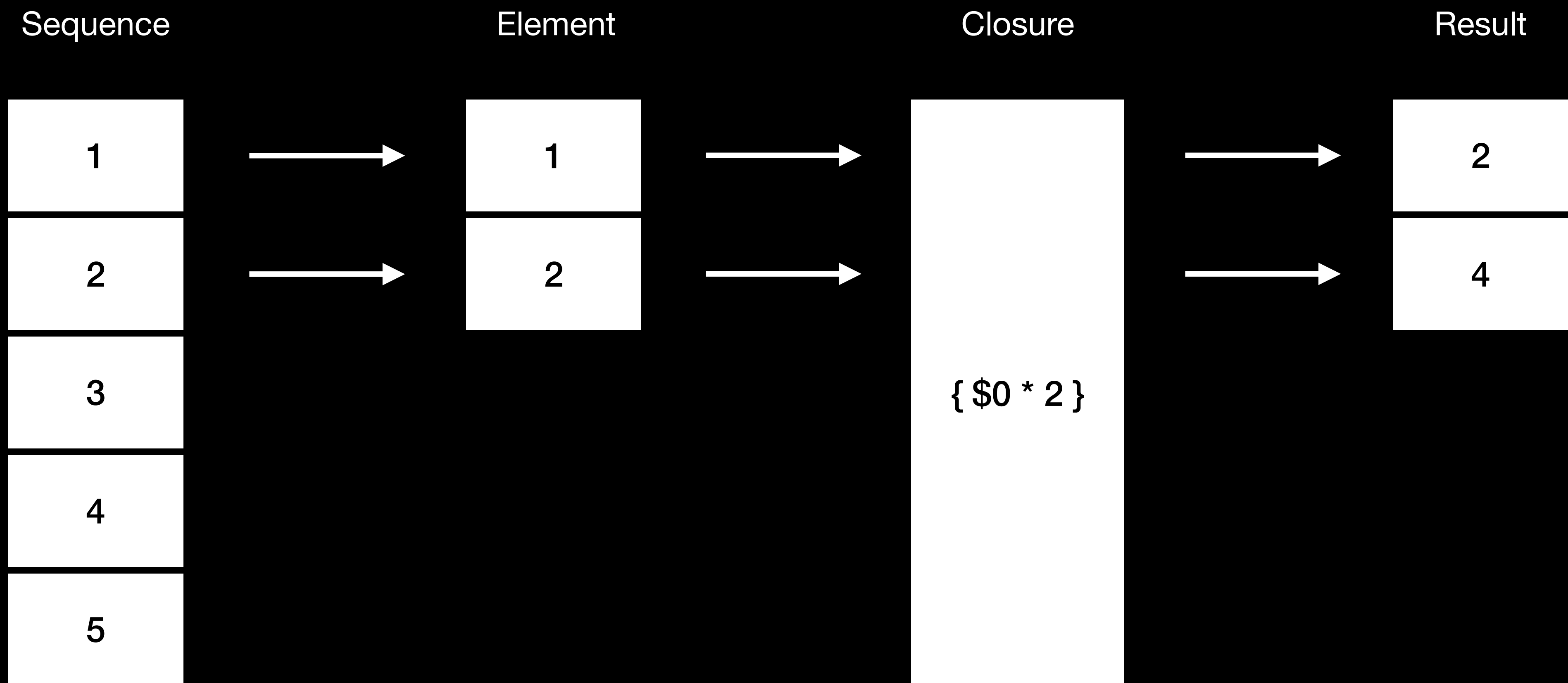
$\{ \$0 * 2 \}$

Result

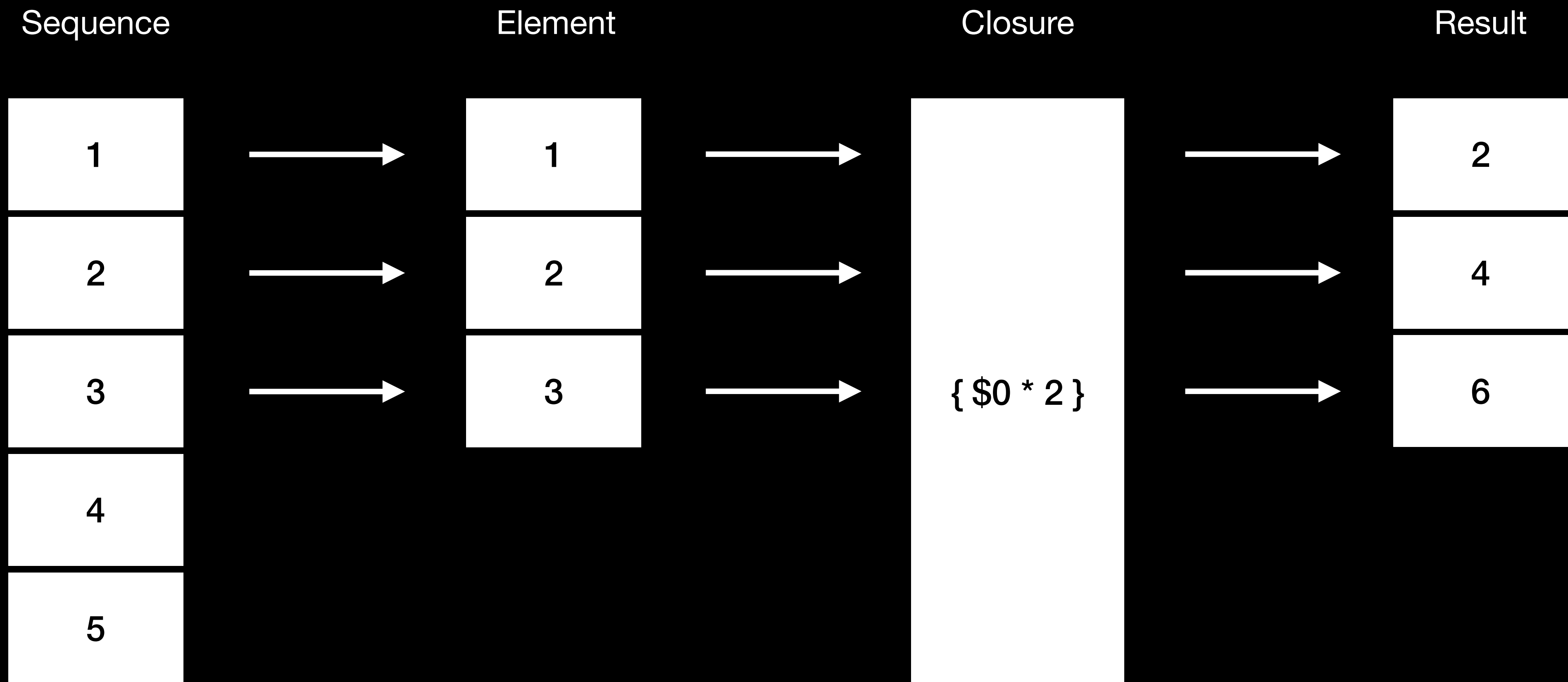
# Map



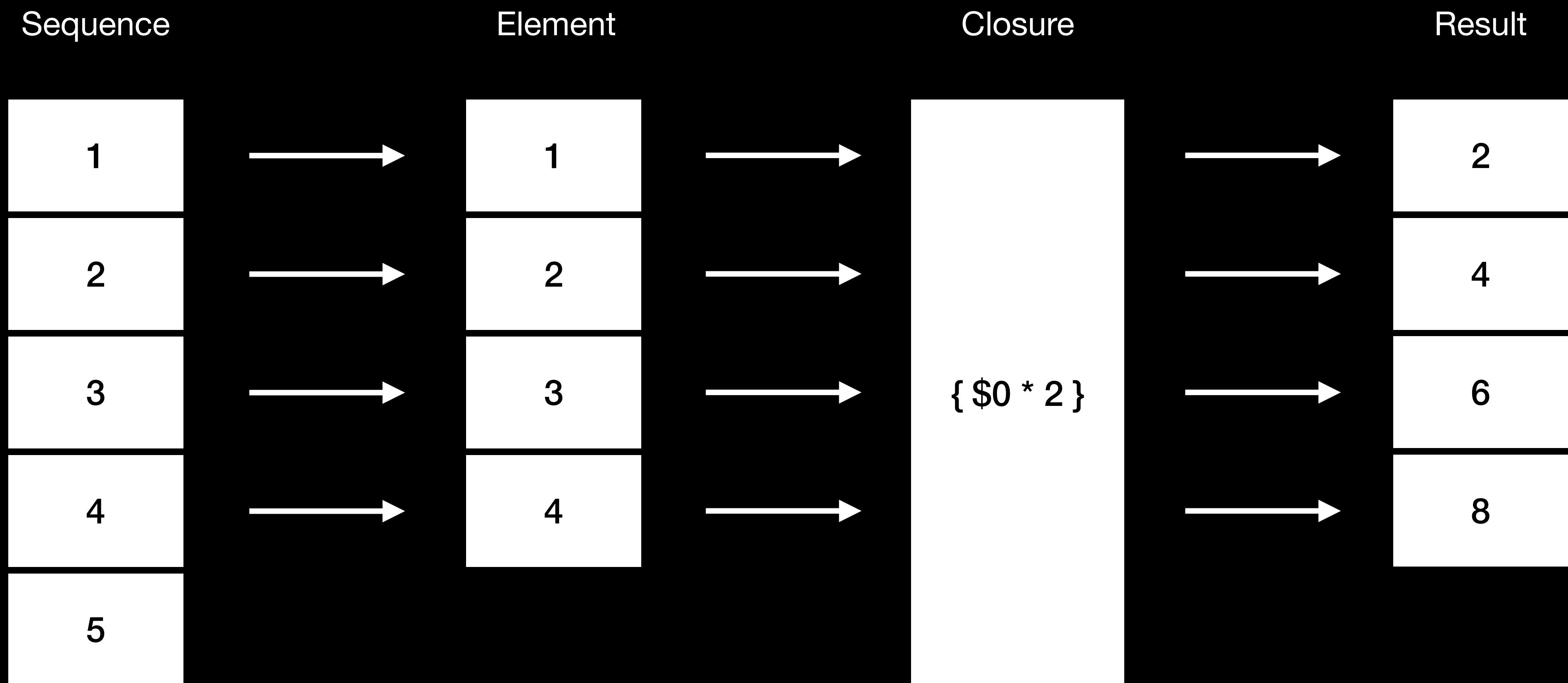
# Map



# Map

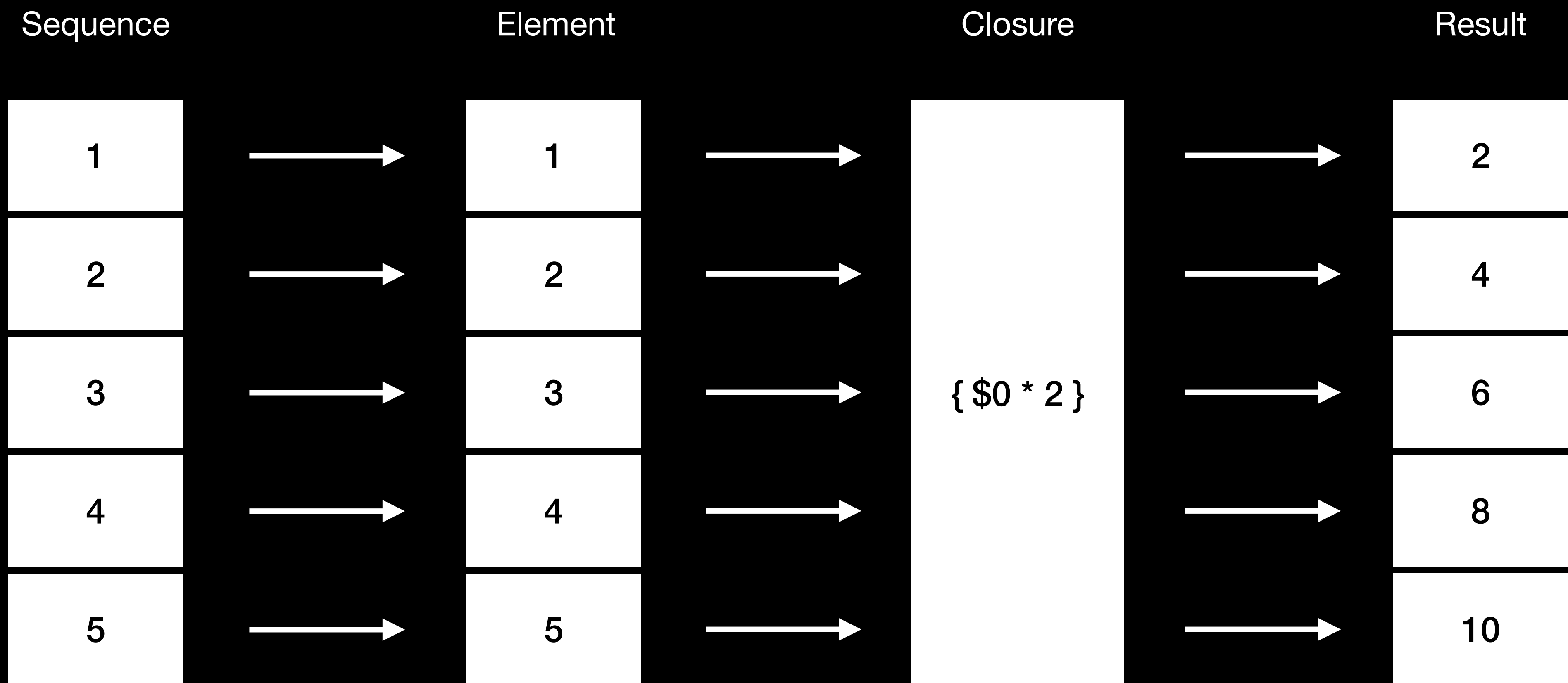


# Map





# Map



# Sample Data

```
struct Member: Hashable {
    let name: String
    let imageName: String?
    let topics: [String]
}

let messages = [
    Member(name: "호종이", imageName: "HoJongE.png", topics: ["Embrace Swift Generics",
                                                             "Add Rich Graphics to Your SwiftUI App"]),
    Member(name: "아보", imageName: nil, topics: ["Hello Swift Charts",
                                                  "Craft search experiences in SwiftUI"]),
    Member(name: "에이브리", imageName: "Avery.png", topics: ["The SwiftUI cookbook for navigation"]),
    Member(name: "우디", imageName: nil, topics: ["Meet async/await in SwiftUI"]),
    Member(name: "에셔", imageName: "Asher.png", topics: ["What's New in Mapkit",
                                                         "Localize your SwiftUI App"]),
    Member(name: "찰리", imageName: "Charlie.png", topics: ["ARC in Swift: Basics and Beyond"]),
    Member(name: "놔스닥", imageName: "Noasdaq.png", topics: ["Data Essentials in SwiftUI"]),
    Member(name: "포딩", imageName: nil, topics: ["Meet the Swift Algorithms and Collections"]),
    Member(name: "택", imageName: "Taek.png", topics: ["Stacks, Grids, and Outlines in SwiftUI"]),
    Member(name: "유스", imageName: "Youth.png", topics: ["Add intelligence to Your Widgets"])
]
```

# Map

```
// Raw Loop
var namesByLoop: [String] = []
for member in members {
    namesByLoop.append(member.name)
}

// Map
let namesByMap = members.map { $0.name }

print("namesByLoop: \(namesByLoop)")
print("namesByMap: \(namesByMap)")
```

# Map

```
namesByLoop: ["호종이", "아보", "에이브리", "우디", "에셔", "찰리", "놔스닥", "포딩", "택", "유스"]  
namesByMap: ["호종이", "아보", "에이브리", "우디", "에셔", "찰리", "놔스닥", "포딩", "택", "유스"]
```

# Map

코드가 간단하다

배열을 `let`으로 선언할 수 있다

배열 크기를 미리 할당해서 성능이 좋다

# CompactMap

```
func compactMap<ElementOfResult>(_ transform: (Self.Element) throws -> ElementOfResult?) rethrows -> [ElementOfResult]
```

Returns an array containing the non-`nil` results of calling the given transformation with each element of this sequence.

Sequence 각각의 Element를 Closure에 연산한 결과 중 `nil`이 아닌 값만 반환  
Optional Binding + Map

# CompactMap

```
// CompactMap
var imagesByLoop: [String] = []
for member in members {
    if let image = member.imageName {
        imagesByLoop.append(image)
    }
}

let imagesByMap = members.filter{ $0.imageName != nil }.map{ $0.imageName! }

let imagesByCompactMap = members.compactMap{ $0.imageName }

print("imagesByLoop: \(imagesByLoop)")
print("imagesByMap: \(imagesByMap)")
print("imagesByCompactMap: \(imagesByCompactMap)")
```

# CompactMap

```
imagesByLoop: ["HoJongE.png", "Avery.png", "Asher.png", "Charlie.png", "Noasdaq.png", "Taek.png", "Youth.png"]  
imagesByMap: ["HoJongE.png", "Avery.png", "Asher.png", "Charlie.png", "Noasdaq.png", "Taek.png", "Youth.png"]  
imagesByCompactMap: ["HoJongE.png", "Avery.png", "Asher.png", "Charlie.png", "Noasdaq.png", "Taek.png", "Youth.png"]
```



# FlatMap

```
func flatMap<SegmentOfResult>(_ transform: (Self.Element) throws -> SegmentOfResult) rethrows -> [SegmentOfResult.Element] where SegmentOfResult : Sequence
```

Returns an array containing the concatenated results of calling the given transformation with each element of this sequence.

Sequence의 Element에 Closure를 연산한 결과를 배열로 반환  
2차원 배열을 1차원으로 변환해서 반환

# FlatMap

```
// FlatMap
var topicsByLoop: [String] = []
for member in members {
    for topic in member.topics {
        topicsByLoop.append(topic)
    }
}

let topicsByMap = Array(members.map{ $0.topics }.joined())

let topicsByFlatMap = members.flatMap{ $0.topics }

print("topicsByLoop: \(topicsByLoop)")
print("topicsByMap: \(topicsByMap)")
print("topicsByFlatMap: \(topicsByFlatMap)")
```

# FlatMap

```
topicsByLoop: ["Embrace Swift Generics", "Add Rich Graphics to Your SwiftUI App", "Hello Swift Charts", "Craft search experiences in SwiftUI", "The SwiftUI cookbook for navigation", "Meet async/await in SwiftUI", "What's New in Mapkit", "Localize your SwiftUI App", "ARC in Swift: Basics and Beyond", "Data Essentials in SwiftUI", "Meet the Swift Algorithms and Collections", "Stacks, Grids, and Outlines in SwiftUI", "Add intelligence to Your Widgets"]
topicsByMap: ["Embrace Swift Generics", "Add Rich Graphics to Your SwiftUI App", "Hello Swift Charts", "Craft search experiences in SwiftUI", "The SwiftUI cookbook for navigation", "Meet async/await in SwiftUI", "What's New in Mapkit", "Localize your SwiftUI App", "ARC in Swift: Basics and Beyond", "Data Essentials in SwiftUI", "Meet the Swift Algorithms and Collections", "Stacks, Grids, and Outlines in SwiftUI", "Add intelligence to Your Widgets"]
topicsByFlatMap: ["Embrace Swift Generics", "Add Rich Graphics to Your SwiftUI App", "Hello Swift Charts", "Craft search experiences in SwiftUI", "The SwiftUI cookbook for navigation", "Meet async/await in SwiftUI", "What's New in Mapkit", "Localize your SwiftUI App", "ARC in Swift: Basics and Beyond", "Data Essentials in SwiftUI", "Meet the Swift Algorithms and Collections", "Stacks, Grids, and Outlines in SwiftUI", "Add intelligence to Your Widgets"]
```

# FlatMap - Map만 사용했을 때

```
topicsByMapOnly: ["Embrace Swift Generics", "Add Rich Graphics to Your SwiftUI App"], ["Hello Swift Charts", "Craft search experiences in SwiftUI"], ["The SwiftUI cookbook for navigation"], ["Meet async/await in SwiftUI"], ["What's New in Mapkit", "Localize your SwiftUI App"], ["ARC in Swift: Basics and Beyond"], ["Data Essentials in SwiftUI"], ["Meet the Swift Algorithms and Collections"], ["Stacks, Grids, and Outlines in SwiftUI"], ["Add intelligence to Your Widgets"]]
```

# Sequence Chaining

```
// sequence 함수 체이닝
let jpegImage = members.compactMap{ $0.imageName }.filter{ $0.hasSuffix(".jpeg") }
print("jpegImage: \(jpegImage)")
```

## 문제점

compactMap 함수의 결과 배열을 한번 생성하고,  
그 배열에 filter 함수를 다시 이용해서 다시 배열을 생성한다  
-> 배열이 2번 선언된다

# Lazy

```
var lazy: LazySequence<Self> { get }
```

A sequence containing the same elements as this sequence, but on which some operations, such as `map` and `filter`, are implemented lazily.

일반 시퀀스와 같은 원소를 가지지만, `map`과 `filter`와 같은 연산을 할때 lazily하게 처리

# Lazy

```
func getName(_ member: Member) -> String {  
    print("getName \(member.name)")  
    return member.name  
}
```

```
// lazy  
let names = members.map{ getName($0) }  
  
let namesLazy = members.lazy.map{ getName($0) }  
  
print("\n--- No Lazy ---")  
print("5번째 사람은 \(names[4]) 입니다")  
print("\n--- Lazy ---")  
print("5번째 사람은 \(namesLazy[4]) 입니다")
```

# Lazy

```
getName 호종이
getName 아보
getName 에이브리
getName 우디
getName 에서
getName 찰리
getName 놘스닥
getName 포딩
getName 텍
getName 유스

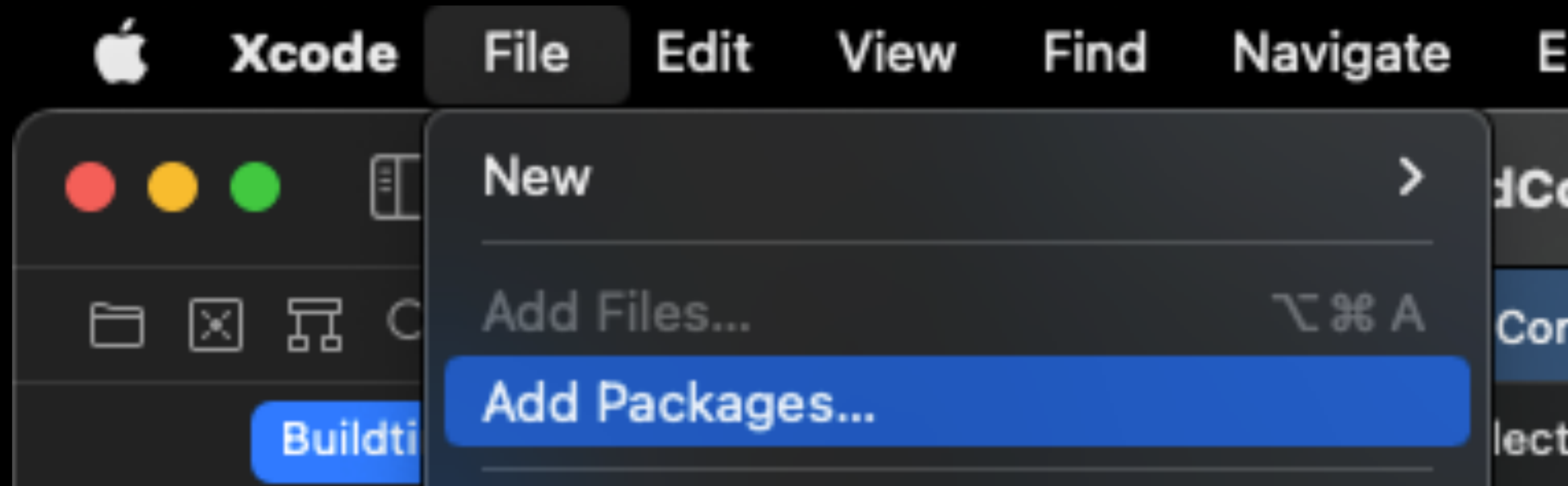
--- No Lazy ---
5번째 사람은 에서 입니다

--- Lazy ---
getName 에서
5번째 사람은 에서 입니다
```

Sequence에서 필요한 값에만 접근해서 연산

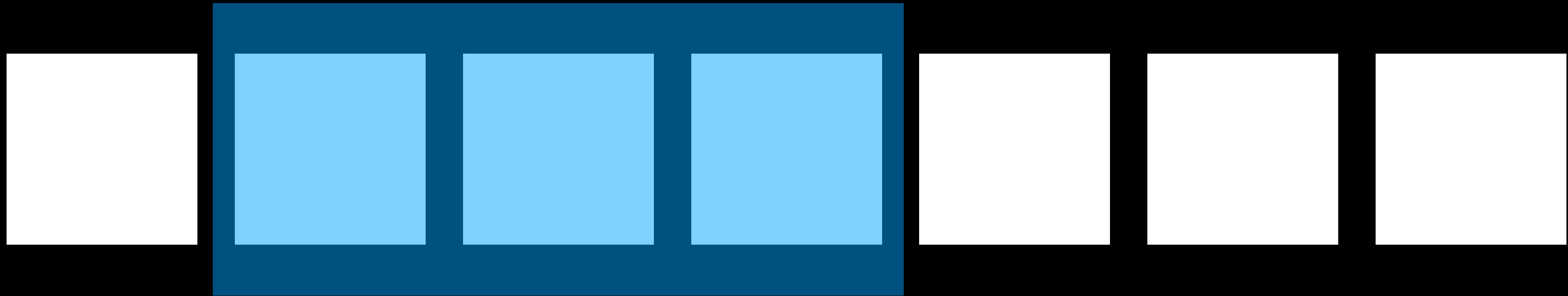


# Swift Algorithms Package



```
import Algorithms
```

# Windows(ofCount: Int)



# Windows

```
// windows
let windowMember = Array(members.windows(ofCount: 3).map{ $0.map{ $0.name } })
print(windowMember)
```

```
[["호종이", "아보", "에이브리"], ["아보", "에이브리", "우디"], ["에이브리", "우디", "에셔"], ["우디", "에셔", "찰리"], ["에셔", "찰리", "놉스닥"], ["찰리", "놉스닥", "포딩"], ["놉스닥", "포딩", "택"], ["포딩", "택", "유스"]]
```

# AdjacentPairs()

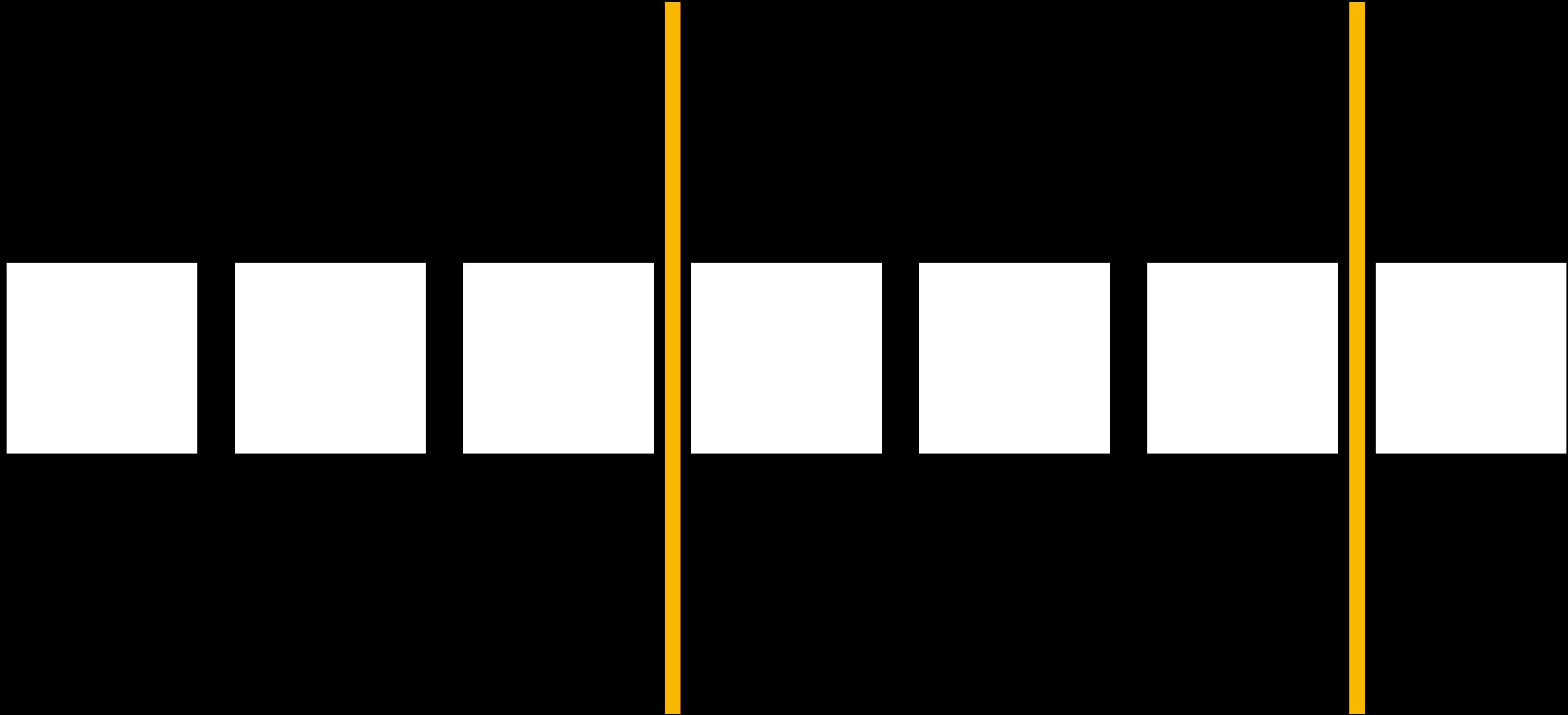
`adjacentPairs() == windows(ofCount: 2)`

# AdjacentPairs()

```
// adjacentPairs
let adjacentPairsMember = Array(members.adjacentPairs().map{ [$0.name, $1.name] })
print(adjacentPairsMember)
```

```
[["호종이", "아보"], ["아보", "에이브리"], ["에이브리", "우디"], ["우디", "에셔"], ["에셔", "찰리"], ["찰리", "놉스닥"], ["놉스닥", "포딩"], ["포딩", "택"], ["택", "유스"]]
```

# Chunks(ofCount: Int)

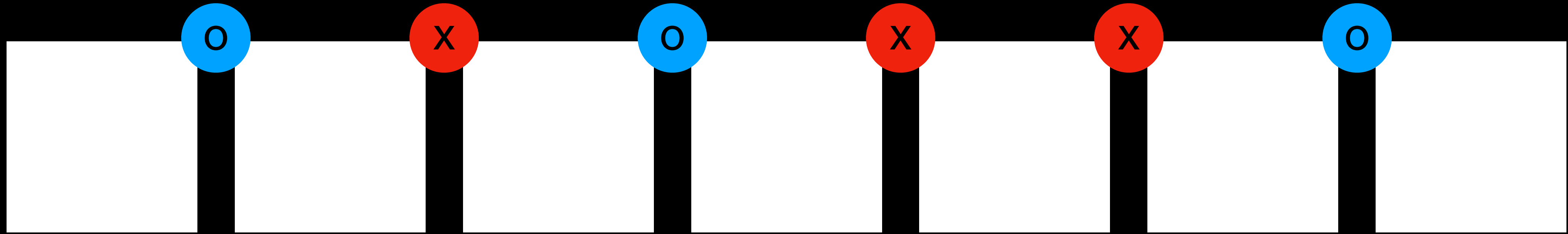


# Chunks(ofCount: Int)

```
// chunks
let chunkedMember = members.chunks(ofCount: 3).map{ $0.map{ $0.name } }
print(chunkedMember)
```

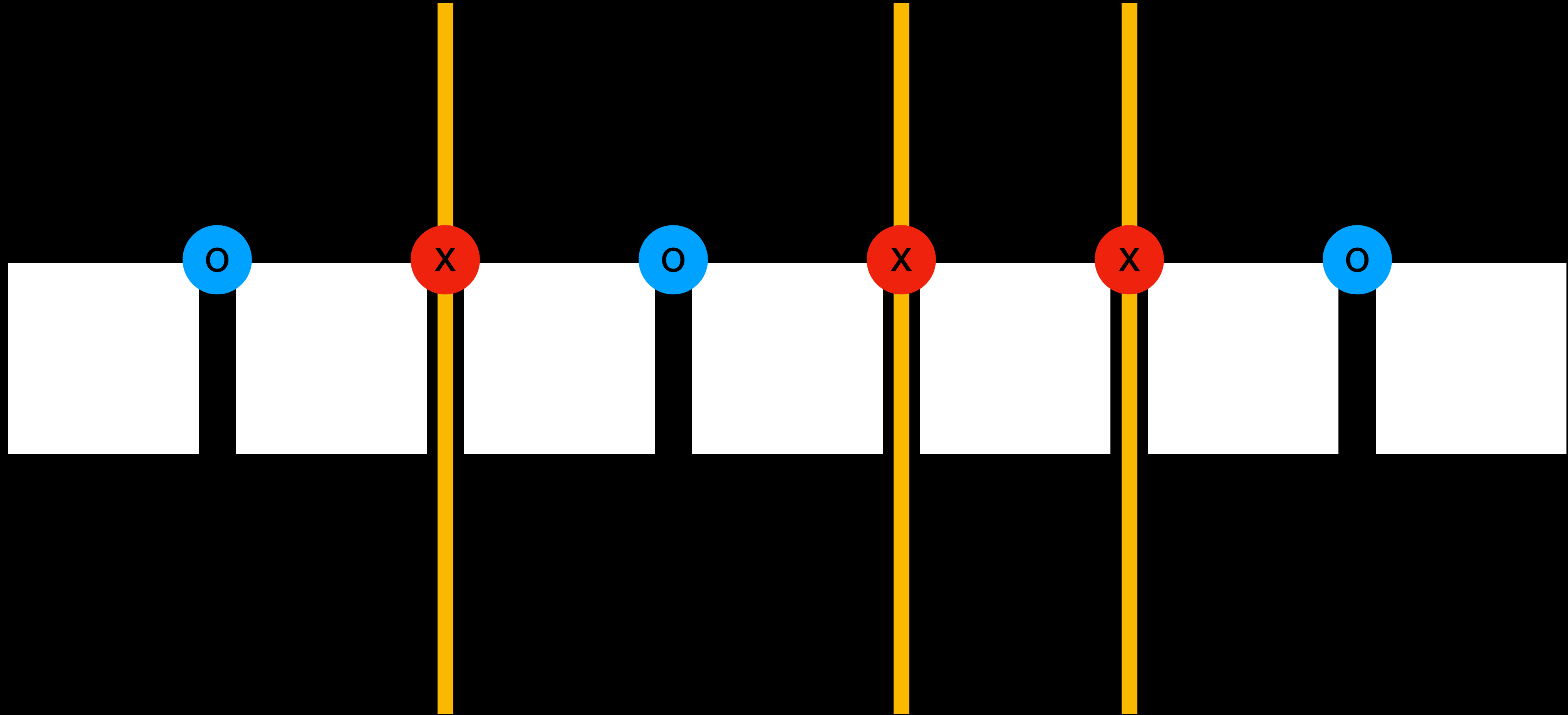
```
[[ "호종이", "아보", "에이브리" ], [ "우디", "에셔", "찰리" ], [ "놔스닥", "포딩", "택" ], [ "유스" ]]
```

# Chunked





# Chunked



# Chunked

```
// chunked(on:)
let chunkedOnMember = members.chunked{ $0.name < $1.name }.map{ $0.map{ $0.name } }
print(chunkedOnMember)
```

```
[[ "호종이" ], [ "아보", "에이브리", "우디" ], [ "에서", "찰리" ], [ "놉스닥", "포딩" ], [ "택" ], [ "유스" ]]
```

**Swift Algorithms** / adjacentPairs() / chain(\_:\_:) / chunked(by:) / chunked(on:)  
chunks(ofCount:) / combinations() / combinations(ofCount:) / compacted()  
cycled() / cycled(times:) / firstNonNil(\_:) / interspersed(with:) / joined(by:)  
max(count:) / max(count:sortedBy:) / min(count:) / min(count:sortedBy:)  
minAndMax() / minAndMax(by:) / partitioningIndex(where:) / permutations()  
permutations(ofCount:) / product(\_:\_:) / randomSample(count:)  
randomStableSample(count:) / reductions(\_:) / reductions(\_:\_:)  
reductions(into:\_:) / rotate(toStartAt:) / rotate(subrange:toStartAt:)  
split(whereSeparator:) / split(separator:) / stablePartition(by:)  
stablePartition(subrange:by:) / striding(by:) / suffix(while:) / trimming(while:)  
trimmingPrefix(while:) / trimmingSuffix(while:) / uniquePermutations()  
uniquePermutations(ofCount:) / uniqued() / uniqued(on:) / windows(ofCount:)